

2. Specifications

Model No	MS-78CPT3A	MS-78CPR3
Descriptions	Transmitter	Receiver
Output signal	*	
Max. voltage	CAT II 300V	
Operating current	<70mA	<70mA
8 level transmission signal selectable	*	
Non-contact AC voltage detection, NCV, > 100V AC		*
Works on energized or de energized circuit, AC/DC	*	
Transmission signal greater than 1Km while connecting with metallic conductor	*	
Couple transmission signal through the insulated wire and by segmenting type transmit the signal to unlimited distance	*	
APO, AUTO POWER OFF (4 minutes)		*
Tracing depth : 0~0.5m		*
Auto sensitivity adjust or manual 'REL' adjust		*
Audible and 7 level signal strength indication		*
With LED torch / flash light		*
270° rotation with six position selectable sensing arm		*
Battery powered (Best to use Alkaline type)	1 x 9V (6F22 / 6LR61 / 1604)	
Dimensions (L x W x D) approx.	106 x 61 x 26 (main unit)	172 x 34 x 30
Weight (approx.) (without battery)	100	85



5. Battery replacement

 ${m au}$ Disconnect the transmitter from any live voltage before opening the battery cover ! 🖄 The LEDs flash five times then enter 'AUTO POWER OFF' mode that indicates the battery is weak. Slide off the battery cover and replace a piece of fresh 9V battery (6F22 / 6LR61 / 1604) according to the correct polarity. To avoid chemical leakage from the battery, remove the battery if you are intended not to use the tracer in short time.





The unauthorized conversion and / or modification of the unit is inadmissible because of safety and approval reasons (CE / UKCA).

Consult an expert when in doubt about the operation, the safety or the connection of the device.

- Measuring instruments, accessories and packing materials must be kept away from the children's reach. They may become hazardous. \triangle
- In commercial and industrial facilities the regulations for the prevention of accidents as laid down by the professional trade association for electrical equipment and devices need to be observed. Δ
 - The voltage must never exceed CAT II, 300 V (AC / DC).
 - Check the measuring device and its measuring lines for damage before each measurement. Never carry out any measurements if the protecting insulation is torn or ripped off etc.

Do not use the tracer A

During, before or immediately after thunder and lightning (thunder strike / high-energy over voltages), please make sure that your hands, shoes, clothes, the floor, switches and switching components all are dry. Immediately after it has been taken from a cold to a warm environment, as the condensation water that forms might destroy your instrument. Switch Off the unit until it has reached room temperature.

Avoid operation near:

Strong magnetic or electromagnetic fields. This may falsify the measured values - Please do not use the receiver when at unknown (not from transmitter) strong magnetic fields area

- P In case of the following situations, safe operation of the unit is no longer possible. Please do not use the meter immediately.
 - The unit does not operate any longer
 - The unit was stored under unfavorable conditions for a long period of time
 - The unit can not transmit signal well.

Again please read all the safety instructions in each chapter of this manual.



a) Slide the switch to 'O' position then press and hold the button (8) to switch ON the flash light, release to switch OFF. b) Slide the switch to 'II' position to enter 'NCV' mode, press once the button (8) to zero the sensitivity. c) Slide the switch to 'I' position to enter 'Receiving' mode, press once the button (8) to zero the sensitivity. (11) Battery compartment.

switch on the flashlight, release to switch off.

b) 7 level receiving signal strenth LEDs indicator.

searching movement is too fast, the signal can not be recognized).

a) When the slide switch (10) selected to '0' position, Press the button to

b) When the slide switch 0 selected to 'II' or 'I' position, press once

(9) a) Power ON LED indicator (the green LED lights up at the bottom).

c) Low battery indication (all LEDs flash rapidly five times).

6. Safety

Please read the operating instructions carefully before using the product for the first time as \triangle

- 3 -

- they include important information necessary for correct measurement.
- The guarantee becomes null and void when damage has incurred as a result of non-compliance with the operating instructions! We do not assume any liability for any damage arising as a consequence! ⚠ We will also not assume any responsibility for damage to assets or for personal injury caused by improper handling or failure to observe the safety instructions.

⁶ 'NCV', Non-contact AC voltage sensor.

(8) Flash light ON / OFF / REL (Zero) button.

the button to zero the sensitivity.

10 Mode selection slide switch ('I' / 'II' / 'O')

(7) Super bright white LED.

This device left the manufacturer's factory in a safe and perfect condition.

We kindly request the user to observe the safety instructions and warnings contained in this operating manual for safe operation.

Please note the following symbols:

- A triangle containing an exclamation mark indicates important information in these operating instructions which are \triangle to be observed without fail
- A triangle containing a lightning symbol warns of danger of an electric shock or of the impairment of the electrical Δ safety of the device.
- The 'hand' symbol indicates special information and advice on operation of the device. T

CE/UK This product has been CE / UKCA tested and meets the necessary european and U.K. guidelines.

- Class 2 insulation (double or reinforced insulation).
- Excess voltage category II for measurements in building installation (e.g. outlets). This category also contains CAT II all lower categories
- Ground potential.
- 5 -

How to use

Transmitter, MS-78CPT3A:

- A) Powered by 9V battery
- B) Standby mode:
 - After installed a battery, the unit enters standby mode, press and hold the mode button (POWER) (4) for 3 seconds to Power on and enter signal transmitting mode.
- C) Signal transmitting mode 'Tx':
- i) When entered the signal transmission mode, the default signal transmitting level is 1 and one LED illuminates press once, the transmitting level increase by 1 and illuminated LEDs level increase by one from the bottom
- LED (2) correspondingly, the highest level is the eighth.
- ii) At the highest level (the eighth), press once again to go back from first level (the lowest level)
- iii) At signal transmission mode, press and hold for 3 seconds to enter standby mode.
- D) Low-power shutdown mode:
- i) At signal transmitting 'Tx' mode, when the battery voltage is less than 5.5V, the meter enter low-power mode automatically.
- ii) At low-power mode, all level LEDs 2 flash five times rapidly then enter to stand by mode. Transmitter works on energize or de energize up to 300V AC/DC circuit.
 - Trace hidden wires inside walls, ceiling, floors, pipe and underground cables
- a) As shown below, transmitting signal by Penetrating-type through the insulated wire which do not affect the normal operation of the device.
 - Note: Such kind of transmission is for short range.









Please disconnec AC power source to avoid signal transmitting strength be

b) As shown below, physically connect with exposed metallic conductor or object, it can send the signal to more farther distance.

1) Connect to any kind of wires / cables.



2) Transmitting signal by direct connecting with metallic air / oil / hot or cold water pipes as well as hidden reinforced bar

P If the surface of the metal pipe is oxidized or painted, please clean up and ensure to contact with the metal parts securely. DO NOT CONNECT WITH NON METALLIC OR INDIRECTLY i.e. INSULATING COUPLING OR FLANGES SURFACE AS SHOW IN FIGURE 1.









Receiver, MS-78CPR3:

A) Powered by 9V battery.B) Mode switcha) OFF / Flashlight (OFF)		I I
b) 'NCV' mode		

- c) 'RX', 'Receiving' mode
- C) Slide the switch to 'I' position and turn the sensor to receive the signal from the 'transmitter', green LED at the bottom turns to red. stronger the signal received, more LEDs light up from the bottom.
- D) Auto Power OFF (APO)
- When at receiving and 'NCV' mode, the unit automatically enter to standby mode when inactive for 4 minutes. When the battery voltage is too low to operate, the meter will turn off automatically.
- E) Low battery indication:

1) Sensitivity of receiver

- At 'Receiving' or 'NCV' mode, when the battery voltage is lower than 5.5V approximately, the meter turns on to 'low battery' mode
- At 'Low battery' mode, Level LEDs 9 flash five times rapidly, then enter to 'standby' mode

Signal receiving mode, Receive(Rx.):

Power ON the transmitter MS-78CPT3A.

a) Turn the sensor (5) to the suitable tracing angle for easy to trace any hidden object layed different position



- 9

Sensitivity adjustment and attentions to be followed

Phow to reduce sensitivity

signal

If the receiver detect weak

signal in either direction. iust

turn the sensor to the opposite

ON the receiver, the When measuring, if the transmission signal is too transmitter either should high and hard to find the location of the object, be OFF or far away from press once the button 8 of the receiver at existing ME the receiver. location to reduce the sensitivity to 'Zero', then move again towards the target, if still the sensitivity is high, press once again the button (8) at new existing 0 location. Prss once to 'zero' 2) Position of receiving signal The best highest signal PVery weak sensitivity obtained by the receiver is The sensor and the buried object are in parallel, in '+' (cross) position proposal so the receiver obtained weak signal. with the object and move MEE MEE the sensor left and right and observe the highest LED'S indication. Polarity (Current flows)

P Object laid

Make sure when powering

unknown direction Move the sensor and scan with an equal distance from the surface with left and ① ⁴;;; right (1); up and down (2)or round and round ③ to find the highest receiving signal to

2] 2] ① ≒ 1 =

determine the direction of the Fig.1 Fig.2 object Signal (current) upward Signal (current) direction to obtain higher signal NOTE: Most LEDs lights up indicates the location downward where the measured object laid underneath

NCV, Typical examples of how to use Non-Contact Voltage of MS-78CPR3 (Receiver)

-11 -

1) Verify AC voltage and wiring connection of wall socket

 ${f GP}$ Use receiver as detector, slide the switch $(\widehat{10})$ to 'II' position entering NCV mode

NOTE : DETECTOR MUST BE AWAY FROM ANY POWER SOURCE WHEN SELECTING TO 'NCV' MODE.



2]

Plue to internal circuit of some double 13A wall socket connection differ, So please test left side one for better performance.



- Measure right and left terminal to and fro to identify proper connection of 'L' and 'N'. Highest LEDs indicates live (L) terminal, as shown in figure (1)
- Figure 2
- Note: In some case, more than one LED's lights up, which indicates wire are NOT properly connected ie. Left (N) or Top (E) terminal or both terminals, as shown in figure 2

2) Check wrong wiring connection



Connect the device / appliance to power source and with the switch to OFF position. Move the detector from the front of hair drver or near the lamp. LED/s lights up indicates the Live and Neutral are reversed connected.

b) How to use receiver to scan or trace the object

- Slide the switch of the Receiver to 'I' position away from the transmitter (when Transmitter is ON) to obtain highest receiving signal, bottom green LED (9) lights up with a beep sound.





- To find buried cables or AC circuit inside the walls / floors, move your receiver towards the object slowly and scan up and down, from left and right with different sensing angle. During tracing, observe the LED's status of the receiver, the highest LED's is the strongest and nearer to the object





Scan up and down (1) and move forward(2)

Scan to and fro from left to right (1) and move forward (2)

transmitting signal

-10 -

3) Sensitivity of transmitter



AS shown on left figure 2, the transmitter should be placed as far as possible away from the measured wires or metallic object, especially the wires with active signal, such as network line / wires with AC current



through de energized Ж Figure 2

When transmitting through insulated wire/cable, please select highest signal output level for tracing longer distance



 \sim

Figure 1



As shown in figure 2, transmitting signal through direct contact with metallic conductor or terminal is farther and penetrate deeper than on insulated wire or cables figure 1



MEET

Figure 2

As shown in figure 2, transmitting signal through insulated sheath of non-signal transmission line is farther and penetrate deeper than on carring signal line figure 1

3) Check proper Ground / Earthing connection of electrical appliances; machinery equipment; exposed metallic framework etc

-12-



appliance, No LED lights up. (occassionally, one LED lights up, it is normal), that indicates appliance is properly connected with Ground / Earthing. Note: Test suitable for appliances / machinery with metallic case or exposed metal parts.

Move the receiver close to

4) Instantly check if the fuse blown



Move the receiver close to plug, LEDs light up (figure 1), that indicates presence of voltage/current, following close to the wire, no LED lights up (figure 2), which indicates presence of no voltage / current and the fuse has blown

Note: During measurement, the socket must be energized.



Suitable to check false ceiling; metal grids; light tray; ceiling lights; metallic doors / windows frame; etc. In summery, all metallic parts / objects can be measured.

5) Flashlight / Torch



Í

Figure 1 direction of transmiting Fig.1 shows the direction of the signal flows upward and in Fig.2 the signal flows downward.

MEET





Locate buried / hidden 'metallic' pipe:

Connect the clip directly on the metalllic surface of the buried pipe and transmit the signal as shown in fig (a

Locate buried / hidden PVC / Concrete pipe or drainage pipeline:

Connect the clip on 'Metallic Guide Wire' $(\underline{1})$ and transmit the signal to search / trace or locate PVC/ concrete pipe as well as drainage pipeline as shown in fig.

PNote:



the highest LED' indication as shown in right side.

sensitivity and then move on again one by one to compare and observe s

Locate or trace any kind of wires / cables even it is buried:

(A) Lan / Telephone / CCTV/ T.V. cables etc. B Monitor / Control / Alarm / HVAC etc. Ĉ Energized or de engergized AC/DC / Signal wires / cables etc

Transmit signal directly on metallic

conductor:

Transmitting through on wire conductor (1) to obtain farther and deeper penetrate signal

Transimitt signal penetrate through

insulated wire:

Although transmitting through insulated sheath igtrianglerunning weaker signal penetrate through the conductor, but it is easy and convenience to trace the wire or cable midway laid on at any length and as well as by subsection method tracing to unlimited distance

Transmitting through the wires or cables when carrying AC power or signal will effect the signal output weaker In case of de energized AC voltage or switched off conditions, the transmitting distance will be farther and deeper as shown in fig. (1).

> Press once the button to 'Zero the sensitivity at existing location



-16

Copyright © 2020 Meet International Ltd.All rights reserved www.meet.com.hk